

## **Advice for principals and Teachers**

## 3. When school partially reopens

- Expect the unexpected. You will hopefully have a sense of who is coming to school when it partially reopens. However, there might be changes. Some children might be too frightened to come to school or to be away from their parents; in other cases, parents might not want to have their children out of their bubble.
- Some children might be late or need to leave early because of transport
  arrangements. Some children might want to be with their siblings or friends even if
  they are in different classes. Some children might come with nothing no supplies or
  lunch. Being prepared for these possibilities and being flexible in the early days saves
  extra stress.
- Children will each show different responses to the events that have happened. Some
  will be well-informed about Covid-19, others will have simplistic or even inaccurate
  understandings. Some might have found the situation frightening and be quiet and
  withdrawn, others might be nervy and wriggly. Some might cry, some might get
  angry and some might even laugh inappropriately. Your response needs to be calm
  and even handed.
- When talking about the children's individual experiences, avoid putting children on the spot or asking them direct questions. In studies conducted by a range of postdisaster researchers, children's experiences were approached indirectly through picture books, arts-based activities and drama, allowing children to share as much as they were ready for – and this will change over time as they regain confidence and trust.
- Distracting children from things they find distressing is important. Acknowledge their sadness, fear or anxiety but gently move to another activity especially calming ones such as relaxation exercises, listening to a story or quiet music.

This information is supplied by Professor Carol Mutch (from the University of Auckland), a researcher in disaster response and recovery from her own work and the research and advice of other experts in the field. It is designed to provide a general overview and might need adaptation for individual circumstances.



## Helping teachers work with children when they first return to school following major traumatic or life-changing events

- It is ok to have fun. Playing a game, re-reading one of their favourite stories or watching a video can help lift the mood. Children need to know that in the midst of uncertainty there is still happiness and hope.
- Games, physical challenges, and getting outdoors can release energy and tension as well as provide a break from indoor activities but, of course, these must be done within current limitations.
- Do not tell children that what we went through will never happen again. Instead focus on what we have learned and how we are better prepared. Recognise the many people who contributed to the country's successful strategy.
- Making plans, talking about the future, and discussing new possibilities are also part of healing and moving forward in a positive way.